

Gender breakdown comparing the older UK-based norms that will be retired (Sept 2020) and the available norm groups (UK 2014 & Global 2019).

HPI Norm Comparison Table

	PCLUK 2006 norm	PCLMP 2006 norm	UK Total Population norm 2010	PCLMP 2010 norm	PCLUK norm 2010	<i>Available UK norm 2014</i>	<i>Available Global norm 2019</i>
Total N	15,973	5,158	42,894	16,120	31,148	64,768	171,071
GENDER							
Female	40.2%	35.0%	38.54%	37.0%	38.0%	35.8%	37.03%
Male	59.8%	65.0%	61.40%	63.0%	62.0%	58.2%	47.42%
Not reported						6.0%	15.55%

HDS Norm Comparison Table

	PCLUK 2006	PCLMP 2006 norm	UK Total Population 2010 norm	PCLMP 2010 norm	PCLUK 2010 norm	<i>Available UK norm (2014)</i>	<i>Available Global norm (2019)</i>
TOTAL N	4,188	3,073	22,463	15,576	18,459	13,063	83,580
GENDER							
Female	36.5%	35.0%	34.31%	33%	35.0%	28.2%	38.09%
Male	63.5%	65.0%	65.65%	67%	65.0%	50.0%	46.49%
Not reported						21.7%	15.42%

MVPI Norm Comparison Table

	PCLUK 2006 norm	PCLMP 2006 norm	UK Total Population 2010 norm	PCLMP 2010 norm	PCLUK 2010 norm	<i>Available UK norm (2014)</i>	<i>Available Global norm (2019)</i>
TOTAL N	3,570	933	8,682	3,296	5,951	9,867	81,376
GENDER							
Female	48.8%	34.0%	46.11%	40%	45.0%	30.3%	40.20%
Male	51.2%	66.0%	53.52%	60%	55.0%	46.7%	44.57%
Not reported						23.0%	15.24%

% = percentage of cases in normative sample
All data were collected from a population of working adults